

SIDNEY REVIEW

Vol. 8, No. 24

SIDNEY, B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9 1916

Subscription \$1.00 Per Year In Advance

DATES SET FOR THE SEED FAIRS

SPLENDID PRIZES ARE BEING OFFERED THIS YEAR FOR SEED GRAIN.

Mr. Wm. E. Scott, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, has recently announced the dates when the Provincial Seed Fairs will be held. It has been decided that the first, which will take place at Armstrong, will be held on the 7th and 8th of December, and the second will be held at New Westminster on the 14th and 15th of December.

All intending exhibitors from the Kamloops district and east shall send their exhibits to the Armstrong fair, and exhibitors from Nicola and west shall send their exhibits to the New Westminster fair.

The exhibits in all cases have to be grown by the exhibitors this year and the Department of Agriculture reserves the right to take samples of all seed exhibited.

There is no entry fee to be paid and all that is necessary is for the exhibitor to fill up and sign an entry form that is obtainable from the Soil and Crop Inspector, Department of Agriculture, Victoria. Transportation charges on seed shipped to the fairs will be paid by the Department of Agriculture, but exhibits will only be returned at the expense of the owner. If the exhibitor wishes his seed returned, he must notify the Soil and Crop Inspector.

All seed should be shipped so as to arrive at the place of the Seed Fair at least one day previous to the opening of the Fair, but should any exhibitor find it impossible to send his exhibit to the fair before the morning of the first day of the fair, he must notify the Chief Soil and Crop Inspector, care of Provincial Seed Fair at either Armstrong or New Westminster at least one day previous to the opening of the fair, of his intention to enter, sending in a list of the exhibits which he wishes to enter in competition. This is to facilitate the arrangement of space.

All shipments of seed for these fairs must be sent, either by parcel post or express, to the Chief Soil and Crop Inspector, care Provincial Seed Fair, either at Armstrong or New Westminster, as the case may be. For further information or particulars intending exhibitors should write the Soil and Crop Inspector, Department of Agriculture, Victoria.

Following is the list of prizes to be awarded at these fairs:

1. Best bushel registered spring wheat, \$15, \$12, 10.
2. Best bushel registered white oats, \$15, \$12, \$10.
3. Best bushel registered seed potatoes, \$15, \$12, \$10.
4. Best bushel spring wheat for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.
5. Best bushel winter wheat for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.
6. Best bushel white oats for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.
7. Best bushel 6-rowed barley for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.
8. Best bushel peas for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.
9. Best bushel potatoes for seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

10. Best 20 lbs. potatoes grown by a competitor in Boys' and Girls' competition, \$10, \$8, \$5.

11. Best 12 ears fodder corn, \$10, \$8, \$5.

12. Best 12 ears seed corn grown by a competitor in Boys' and Girls' competition, \$10, \$8, \$5.

13. Best 20 lbs. of alfalfa seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

14. Best 20 lbs. alsike seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

15. Best 20 lbs. red clover seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

16. Best 20 lbs. timothy seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

17. Best 10 lbs. mangel seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

18. Best 10 lbs. turnip seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

19. Best 10 lbs. carrot seed, \$10, \$8, \$5.

RECRUITS WANTED.

The Sixth Field Company Canadian Engineers, whose headquarters are at North Vancouver, are offering a splendid opportunity to the handy man. Any man of ordinary intelligence, able to use his hands, drive a horse or motor wagon, or a man used to tools of any kind, can find a good opening with the Engineers. The extraordinary number and variety of jobs the engineers are called upon to handle in the daily routine of warfare bring openings which all classes of helpers can contribute to fill.

To the man who is considering enlistment, the Engineers offer a scope where his natural abilities will have the best chance for development. The nature of the work in this section of the army is different to the infantry regiments. Promotion too, is rapid to anyone with the constructive instinct. Carpenters, miners, wheelwrights, fitters, plumbers, electricians, etc., also handy men without bition to succeed and learn a trade are wanted. They should communicate with the recruiting office and get to know of the advantages open to those joining this section of the forces.

The Engineers are the beginning and end of all movements in modern warfare. Whether it be the building of the camp at the opening up of mobilization, fitting up the lighting, heating, water and sanitation systems, to the far off work at the front where they are bridge building, cable laying, preparing tracks and roads for the advancing troops, the Engineers work is daily one of absorbing interest.

It will readily be seen what numerous opportunities are afforded to the handy man to become skilled in any particular branch of work he may desire. When joining up a man is given the chance of deciding what special trade he is most adapted for, and he can then acquire a knowledge and experience which will assuredly be of use to him at the conclusion of the war and when he returns to civil life.

The recruiting offices of the Canadian Engineers are at the corner of Hastings and Homer Streets, Vancouver, and at 606 View Street, Victoria, and the recruiting officer will arrange for free transportation for any one enlisting from any part of British Columbia by communicating with the Officer Commanding, 6th Field Company, Canadian Engineers, North Vancouver, B. C.

BIRTHS.

GIBSON—At Saanichton, B. C., on Thursday, October 26, 1916, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Gibson, twin boys.

MERCHANTS TO CO-OPERATE

CO-OPERATIVE DELIVERY SYSTEM WOULD BE GREAT ADVANTAGE HERE.

The merchants of Sidney, like those of other towns and villages, are alive to the fact that the high cost of living—and it is going higher and higher all the time—is eventually going to become a burden hard to bear, and they are thinking out ways and means of doing everything in their power to reduce the expenses to the consumer as much as possible.

With this idea in view several of the leading merchants have been discussing the advisability of forming a co-operative delivery system in Sidney for the town and district. At present each merchant supports his own system, and it is, needless to say, an expensive one just at present and is liable to become more so as time goes on, for the simple reason that labor is scarce and wages are going up higher with every month.

A system of this nature that would make say one or two regular calls each day to the different sections of the town and outlying sections of the district would be greatly appreciated by all, and if these calls were scheduled for a certain hour the people would soon form the habit of sending in their orders to the grocer, butcher and baker early in the day instead of leaving them until about 11.30 or 5.30 and then expect their goods delivered in time for the regular meal at 12 or 6 o'clock.

This matter of a co-operative delivery in Victoria was brought before the board of trade of that city recently in a letter from Mr. H. O. Kirkham, who placed the many advantages to be derived in a very clear and explicit manner. Following are a few of the suggestions he made:

"The enormous waste of time, money, material and energy through our present system of delivering the necessities of life to our homes has been apparent to many of us for some time; but it has become very pronounced of late, and we feel as units in the British Empire, that during this time of stress and turmoil it is every citizen's duty to practice economy to the utmost.

"Statistics compiled by The System Magazine, show that the average cost of the delivering of groceries in the United States is 2½ per cent of the gross sales, but the cost of delivery in the West is much higher than in the East, and 4 per cent would be a fairer average, and statistics also show that delivery costs have more than doubled during the past twenty years. The cost of delivering groceries in Victoria is still higher. I find that it takes 4½ per cent of the gross sales to cover this charge against a grocery business. It actually costs \$450 to get \$5,000 worth of goods delivered to the homes of the customers. Who pays? Why, of course, it goes on the cost of the goods and the consumer pays for our extravagance and lack of system.

"In Everett, Washington, in January 1915, fifteen merchants began delivering on a co-operative basis. A

year later we find the co-operative company is delivering the sales of forty-one stores with only eleven wagons and four autos, this being less than one-half of the equipment formerly used. The best of feeling exists, and it would be difficult to persuade any of the grocers to return to their former method of delivery. The delivery company collects C. O. D.s and is responsible for all breakages. A company in Aberdeen operated the first month with no mistakes and breakages amounting to \$1.25. In Everett there was no mistake for the first two weeks, and a 13 cent breakage the first month. In Bellingham there was no mistakes and no breakages the first month. In Hoquian there was one misdelivery and a breakage amounting to \$1.00 the first month.

RED CROSS CARD PARTIES

Mrs. P. N. Tester has been giving this week a series of card parties in aid of the Red Cross Fund. These parties, which have been held at her residence, have proven quite a success, not only in attendance and enjoyment but in the amount raised for the Red Cross work.

On Monday night nine tables of bridge were sold. Mrs. H. R. Brethour succeeded in carrying off the ladies prize, while Mr. E. F. Lesage took the gents, and Miss Eileen White got the booby.

On Tuesday night eight tables of 500 was the mark reached, and Sidney people showed a true spirit of hospitality in allowing both the ladies and gents prizes to go out of town, Miss Barrett, of San Francisco who is visiting friends in the district winning the ladies, and Mr. Zarvice, of Saanichton, the gents. Mrs. Geo. Brethour was the winner of the booby prize on this occasion.

On Wednesday night another eight tables of 500 were entertained and again Mr. Lesage gave an exhibition of his prowess by taking down the honors for the gentlemen. Mrs. Wesley Reacking won the ladies prize and the booby prize again went to Miss Eileen White.

The price of twenty-five cents per person is the charge being made and while the expenses are small the prizes are much appreciated.

On Friday night special prizes in addition to the usual ones will be given, as this will be the closing evening of the series and Mrs. Tester is looking forward to a good attendance. Anyone wishing to attend can arrange with Mrs. Tester by calling her up on the phone. Do not wait to be asked as the card party is open to all and you know the proceeds go to the Red Cross.

HARRISON-NELSON.

A wedding was solemnized on Thursday morning, November 9th, at 10.30 o'clock at St. Mary's Church, Saanichton, when Miss Ellen Augusta Harrison and Mr. Alfred Nelson were united in marriage by Rev. A. de Nunn. The bride looked very pretty in a dress of white crepe de chene with orange blossoms and a veil to match. She carried a bouquet of rosebuds and carnations. The bride's sister, Miss Irene Harzison, acted as bridesmaid and the groom was supported by Mr. Charles White. Miss Edith Harrison played the wedding march. After the wedding reception was held in Victoria. After spending their honeymoon touring the coast cities Mr. and Mrs. Nelson will take up their residence on Cloverdale Avenue, Victoria.

THE CONTEST STILL IN DOUBT

FINAL RETURNS MAY NOT BE TO HAND FOR A COUPLE OF DAYS YET.

New York, Nov. 8.—On the second day after the American people cast their presidential ballots, the result still is in doubt, and the contest between President Wilson and Charles Evans Hughes has narrowed to a point where it may be decided by a few western states.

It is possible that the votes of the national guardsmen on border duty may turn some of the doubtful states from one column to another.

Based on actual returns received by the Associated Press, the Electoral College now gives Hughes 239 votes Wilson 232, and leaves 60 doubtful.

Two of the Metropolitan newspapers which supported Mr. Hughes give him 252 votes, President Wilson 251 and admit the doubtful character of only California, New Mexico and Minnesota. Another, which supported the President, agrees with its contemporaries in giving him 251 votes, but concedes Mr. Hughes only 228, and regards the others—in seven states as doubtful.

Each of the national chairmen express the most sincere confidence that the ultimate results will elect his candidate.

There is no assurance that the result will be fully known in another day.

THE WOMEN'S INSTITUTE.

A special meeting of the South Saanich Women's Institute was held in Temperance Hall, Keatings, on Wednesday, November 1st, when several important matters were discussed. It was decided that the Institute adopt a Canadian prisoner of war, and also that a monthly donation by the members be given to help on the good work of the Y. M. C. A. in the Canadian camps.

An energetic committee of the Farmers' and Women's Institutes have taken in hand the work of planting shrubs and native trees around the hall. Now that the paving is finished it is giving them more encouragement to go ahead with the good work.

An afternoon tea will be given on Saturday, November 11th, at the home of Mrs. F. Young, the proceeds of which will be given to some deserving cause.

RED CROSS RECEIPTS.

The Secretary of the local Red Cross branch reports the following donations received this week: Anonymous, monthly dona.\$5.00 Mrs. J. J. White, balance of life membership\$5.00

CARD OF THANKS.

Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Norris and family, of Deep Cove, wish to express their heartfelt gratitude to their many kind friends for their comforting words of sympathy during their recent sad bereavement.

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A. E. MOORE, Manager.

CANADA NEEDS MORE POULTRY

At no time in the history of the Dominion has the necessity for the increased production of eggs and poultry been more apparent than at the present time. The demand is unprecedented. This is true whether for export or home consumption. Consumers generally and even producers themselves are eating more and more eggs. The average per capita consumption of eggs in Canada this year will be greater than ever before.

The market for Canadian eggs and poultry is very firm. Prices to producers are very high, but even at these prices trade is increasingly active all over the country. The prospects for a continued demand are very bright. The country is facing a shortage, not only of current receipts but of Canadian storage stocks as well. So great has been the export demand that we shall be obliged to import to meet our own requirements. Increased production has never rested upon a more secure foundation.

That poultry on the farm are profitable needs no argument. Eggs now rank as a staple article in the products of the farm. Poultry flocks can be increased materially without much additional outlay for buildings and equipment, and the increased labor involved is not such as will bear heavily upon the time of those charged with the care of the stock. Some object to the present price of feed, but when it is considered that the selling price of the product is from 40 to 60 per cent. higher than it was two years ago, the margin of profit is such as will compare favorably with that obtainable elsewhere on the farm.

Canadian egg producers have responded well to the call for increased production. The country as a whole which was importing eggs a few years ago, has, in the aggregate, produced more than sufficient for its own requirements this year and last. Between seven and eight million dozen Canadian eggs were exported to Great Britain last year, and as an indication of what is going forward this year, nearly one million dozen were shipped during the first week of October. Yet the supply on the British market is still short, and there is a demand for many millions more. Increased production, more and better poultry, should be the motto of every Canadian farm and homestead.

Canada has all the requisites for the production of a quantity far in excess of her own requirements, and with her favorable climatic conditions can, with proper care and attention, produce quality equal to the best in the world. Only the fringe of production possibilities has been touched up to the present. The Western Provinces, with their volumes of cheap feed, are the natural home for the Canadian hen. The bulk of the surplus at the present time comes from the province of Ontario and Prince Edward Island. Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec do not produce sufficient for their own requirements. They must do more; and there is now an opportunity for the Western Provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta to demonstrate to Canada and the Empire as a whole what they can do in this connection in this great hour of trade expansion. The first experimental shipments of eggs from Winnipeg to the British market are either now, or soon will be, on their way, and it is hoped that the increase in production in the Western Provinces in the ensuing year will be such as to warrant the opening up of a big trade in this direction.

Eggs are scarce in Canada at the present time. Current prices are high and sharp decline immediately following the conclusion of war is not anticipated. When prices advance gradually, as has been the case in staple food products, they decline slowly. It will take some years to re-establish the normal meat supply upon the markets of the world, and while prices of meats are high, people will continue to use increasingly large quantities of eggs. This condition will naturally be reflected in the matter of price. This is the situation. Readers may draw their own conclusions.

ARMY SERVICE CORPS IS NOW SEEKING RECRUITS.

Lieut. D. C. Fulton has been enabled through the courtesy of the Dominion Express Company, to open a recruiting office in the building formerly occupied by them at 904 Government Street, Victoria, near the post office. There he will sign on men for the Army Service Corps. It is also proposed to keep open the recruiting office for an hour or two each evening, for the benefit of such as are unable to call during the usual business hours.

Small drafts will be sent forward from time to time as soon as a sufficient number can be got together. As some 30 or 40 recruits have already been attested in Victoria and Vancouver, the first of these drafts will be leaving almost immediately. On enlistment recruits are at once dispatched to Vancouver, where they draw their kit and equipment forthwith, and receive their preliminary training until the draft leaves for overseas.

A call has been received for 500 recruits for this branch of the service, to furnish reinforcements for the Canadian divisions now at the front, and it is confidently felt that no difficulty will be met with in obtaining that number of men with the requisite qualifications from this province.

The classifications called for are: Mechanical transport drivers, horse transport drivers, butchers, bakers, farriers, wheelers and saddlers.

AGED RESIDENT PASSES AWAY

In the death of Mrs. Sarah Taylor McCulloch, relict of the late Captain W. McCulloch, on the evening of Monday, November 6th, at the residence of her son, Mr. George McCulloch, Cambridge Street, Victoria, Mrs. J. F. Simister, of Sidney, loses a near and dear relative, Mrs. McCulloch being an aunt of Mrs. Simister's. She was in her 84th year.

The deceased lady, who was one of Victoria's oldest residents, was widely known, being for many years an active member of the Methodist Church. A native of Chorley, Lancashire, where she was born in 1833, she came to this country by the long sea route via Cape Horn on the Robert Lowe, the journey taking four months and a half, in the year 1863. Mr. Noah Shakespeare, a prominent pioneer of the city, was one of the passengers on that voyage.

Although in advanced years and with failing eyesight, Mrs. McCulloch busied herself since the war began in knitting over 125 pairs of socks for the soldiers. Her philanthropy knew no bounds and she was ever willing to aid any good cause. For many years she subscribed to the Manchester Wesleyan Mission of Lincoln, England, and other charitable institutions outside of her own church.

For some time Mrs. McCulloch attended the old Pandora Street Church and was actively engaged in working for the erection of the new building now known as the Metropolitan Church. Prior to residing with her son she lived on Michigan Street, James Bay. At the time of her death she was a member of the Fairview Methodist Church. She was a life member of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, and took part in a prohibition parade last September. She married in Victoria on March 8, 1864, the celebrant being Rev. D. V. Lucas.



SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS.

Coal mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta the Yukon Territory, the North-West Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. No more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 per acre.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY.

Deputy Minister of the Interior
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—
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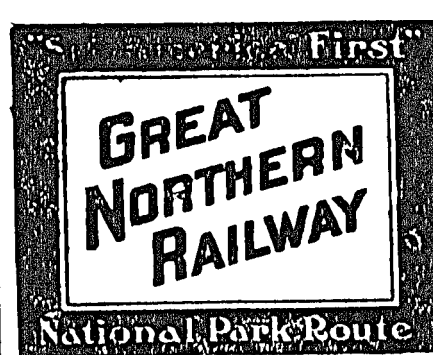
Fall is a season of changeable weather. Wet feet and exposure to the cold cause sudden attacks of illness. Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Grippe, Catarrh, Neuralgia, Earache, Croup and many other ailments are usually caused by such exposure.

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MOTHER COUNTRY ADVISED TO FOLLOW EXAMPLE OF CANADA

The London Daily Chronicle, the leading Liberal journal of the Imperial Capital, gives the most prominent place in its issue of October 4 to the following spontaneous and remarkable appreciation of Canada's method of restoring disabled soldiers to active and self-supporting citizenship. In this article the well known writer, Mr. J. Saxon Mills, goes so far as to suggest that the Mother Country in dealing with this problem might follow the example of the Dominion. He says:—

"One of the most difficult questions England has to face is how to deal with the broken men who are now streaming in from the battlefronts. The adequate answer to that question has not yet been found. It is not even certain that the main principles which should be observed in solving the problem are yet fully grasped. For example, we are in danger of thinking that our responsibility for the wounded soldier is fulfilled when he is no longer fit for military service, and when he is pensioned and discharged from the Army. When he is thus discharged he loses the benefit of the special treatment provided while he remains in uniform, and he is at once thrown upon the lists of the already over-worked panel doctors. This will not do at all. The nation has a larger and longer responsibility to its disabled veterans than that. It may be useful to notice how Canada deals with the problem. We may learn much from the desirable system which has been established by the Dominion Government.

How Government Intervened.

By an order in Council, dated June 30, 1915, the Canadian Government

formed, at the instance of Sir Robert Borden, a Military Hospitals and Convalescent Homes Commission, "to deal with the provision of hospital accommodation and military convalescent homes in Canada for officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who return invalided from the front." The very able president of that commission is Sir James Loughheed, and it has an efficient and enterprising secretary in Mr. E. H. Scammell. The commission has learnt much by experience, and is to-day undoubtedly working on right lines. At first, the general idea was that convalescent homes, where discharged soldiers would spend a short time for rest and refreshment, would be the chief requirement, and scores of houses and hundreds of workers were placed at the disposal of the Commission. But this idea was soon dispelled when it was found that the treatment of the disabled soldiers was a more serious and lengthy business. Months or even weeks spent in the atmosphere of such a home would tend to injure rather than strengthen the physical and moral fibre. Let us hear what Mr. J. S. McLennan, a member of the commission, has to say on this subject in his introduction to the Commission's special bulletin:—

"The supply of comforts which in many cases were luxurious, the relaxation of discipline, the treating of men as one treats a civilian patient in the interval between illness and the resuming of ordinary occupation, which might do harm if the experience was to be counted in days, are most seriously detrimental to the best interests of the men when extended over the prolonged periods which have been found unavoidable. The first conception of the homes was that they were places of relaxation; the right one which experience has taught us to realize is that they are places of rehabilitation. In other words, we are changing as rapidly as may be our convalescent homes into hospitals where, in the interests of the men, their time will be fully occupied, their physical restoration made as perfect as possible, and, from the beginning, the bad effect of idleness obviated by employment."

These are golden words which those who are responsible for our wounded veterans will do well to remember.

It would be interesting to follow the history of a few typical cases of Canadian soldiers wounded in the battle lines. Of course the injured man may be cured and return to the front; but his case may be hopeless, so far as military fitness is concerned, and he may have to be sent back to Canada. When he arrives there he is taken in hand at the port of arrival by the Military Hospitals Commission. If he belongs to class I., that is, if he is unfit for overseas service, but able to take up his former occupation, he receives 15 days' pay and transportation to his home, together with free meals en route. If he belongs to Class II., that is, if he has to receive further treatment as a convalescent, or has a permanent disability of any kind, he is passed on to the appropriate institutions. If he is an ordinary convalescent, he will be sent to the hospital nearest his home; but if he requires special, such as orthopaedic treatment, he will go where that is supplied.

The Educational Feature.

What I wish especially to emphasize is that in all these hospitals, schools are held where training of an elementary and non-vocational character is given in English, French, mechanical drawing, arithmetic, wood carving, etc. These classes are open to all inmates, whether they are able to return to their former occupations or not. But, from these homes and hospitals, the men who are not so

able can be sent on, after they have been pensioned and discharged, to technical institutions, agricultural colleges, schools of telegraphy, etc., where they can be taught new occupations which their disablement does not prevent them from following. And that is not all, for employment is practically assured to them by the Provincial Commissions (under the Federal Military Hospitals Commission) which have charged themselves with the duty of finding work and wages for the returning veterans.

I should add, that the men in the homes and hospitals are fully maintained and that their pay continues. The whole system, which I have been able to sketch in the barest outline, is quite admirable, and fully realizes the object of the Military Hospitals Commission which Mr. McLennan defines in these words:

"The aim of the Commission is to do its best for the physical and economic well-being of the man, and to bring to bear on him such influences that he may perform for his country a service not less important than those of the firing line, namely, that instead of being an idle ward of the State, he becomes a shining example to the young, of self-independence, of courage, and perseverance in overcoming disabilities."

It would be an excellent thing if we had a system similar to this and based upon the same sound principles established in these islands.

TURNING HATRED TOWARDS THE NEUTRAL U. STATES.

Under date of November 6, Herbert Bayard Swope, a staff correspondent of the New York World, who recently returned from Germany, tells the World of Germany's hatred of the United States and the reasons inspiring it. He says in part:

"Throughout Germany to-day hatred of the United States is bitter and deep. It is palpable and weighs you down. All the resentment, all the blind fury, Germany once showed for Britain alone has been expanded to include us, and has been accentuated in the expansion.

"The Germans have an outlet for their feelings against Britain—they express themselves on the battlefields and through Zeppelins and submarines; but against the United States they lack a method of registering their enmity. And so this bitterness that can not be poured out, has struck in and saturated the whole empire.

"The chargin and humiliation of their failure to end the war before now through victory are visited upon the United States. The failure gave birth to hatred. Throughout the length and breadth of Germany, the belief is certain and unqualified, that had it not been for moral and physical help given to the Allies by the United States, the war long since would have been over. With magnificent disregard of the checks and reverses, both military and economic, Germany has suffered at the hands of the Allies, her sons, from top to bottom, say that only the United States is to blame for the fact that the war is now well into its third year, and the more pertinent fact is that, as time goes on, Germany's chances are bound to grow less.

"It is a common thing to hear in Germany that the United States has a secret alliance with Great Britain under which she is now operating. It is even more of a commonplace to be told that the United States is deliberately seeking to prolong the war and circumvent peace for the blood money she is making out of the struggle. Germany's fear of defeat and loss of prestige are laid at our door; we are made the sacrificial goat offered on the altar of self-glory."

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Christmas time is almost here and you will need some Christmas cards. Call and see the samples at the Review Office.

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OR DO YOU GO OUT INTO THE WEATHER AT AN EXPENSE
OF MONEY, TIME AND TEMPER?

YOU CAN TELEPHONE ANYWHERE, AND IT IS JUST AS
EASY AS TALKING.

IN FACT, TELEPHONING IS NOTHING ELSE THAN CON-
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YOUNG CHERRY TREES, PEAR TREES, GOOSEBERRY
BUSHES, ASPARAGUS PLANTS, ENGLISH HOLLY TREES.

White Whandotte Cockerels for Breeding

ALSO A FEW WHITE WYANDOTTE PULLETS AND COCKER-
ELS FOR BREEDING PURPOSES.

NAKANO BROTHERS

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Breed's Cross Road, Sidney, B. C.

FOR CASH

XXX SHINGLES\$2.75
XX SHINGLES 1.50
WOOD, PER LOAD 1.00
SIDNEY SHINGLE MILLS.

B. C. Funeral Co. Ltd

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Suburban calls given prompt and
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To Investors

THOSE WHO, FROM TIME TO TIME, HAVE FUNDS REQUIRING
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DOMINION OF CANADA DEBENTURE STOCK

IN SUMS OF \$500 OR ANY MULTIPLE THEREOF.

Principal repayable 1st October, 1919.

Interest payable half-yearly, 1st April and 1st October by cheque (free of exchange at any chartered Bank in Canada) at the rate of five per cent per annum from the date of purchase.

Holders of this stock will have the privilege of surrendering at par and accrued interest, as the equivalent of cash, in payment of any allotment made under any future war loan issue in Canada other than an issue of Treasury Bills or other like short date security.

Proceeds of this stock are for war purposes only.

A commission of one-quarter of one per cent will be allowed to recognized bond and stock brokers on allotments made in respect of applications for this stock which bear their stamp.

For application forms apply to the Deputy Minister of Finance, Ottawa.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE, OTTAWA.
OCTOBER 7th, 1916.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL

Mrs. F. J. Pfister and family left Tuesday afternoon for Vancouver where they will spend the week visiting friends.

Friends of Mrs. J. C. Ferguson, of South Saanich, will be pleased to know that she is improving in health at the Victoria Private Hospital after quite a serious illness.

Would the person that took in mistake a white cotton sheet from the I. O. D. E. rooms in the Berquist block, the day after the White Elephant Sale kindly return same to the Review Office.

Mrs. J. F. Simister went to Victoria yesterday to attend the funeral of her aunt, the late Mrs. McCulloch, which took place from the Metropolitan Methodist Church at 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The regular meeting of the Sidney Board of Trade will be held next Tuesday evening, November 14th, in the office of Mr. S. Roberts, Beacon Avenue. A full attendance of members is requested.

Miss Lloyd, who has been employed for some time past as bookkeeper in the office of the Sidney Rubber Roofing Company, was this week joined by her mother and they have taken up their residence on Third Street.

There are still a number of plates left belonging to ladies who sent cakes to the Old Country Fair. Will their owners please call at Mrs. T. Pearson's for them. There is also a milk pail awaiting an owner.

A meeting of Sidney Lodge, I. O. G. T., is called for next Monday evening, November 13th, in Wesley Methodist Church, Third Street, for the purpose of reorganizing. All members, former members, or anyone desiring to join the lodge is cordially invited to attend.

At a meeting of the Allies Chapter I. O. D. E. held on Tuesday last it was decided to send the Y. M. C. A. a donation of \$10, in recognition of their work among the soldiers at the Sidney camp this summer. A very interesting report of the provincial meeting was read from the report of the Chapter's delegate, Mrs. J. Wesley Miller. Mrs. Sullivan, of Deep Cove, was elected a member.

HARRISON-WHITE.

A quiet but interesting wedding took place at St. Mary's Church, Saanichton, on Friday, November 3, when the pastor Rev. A. de Nunno, joined together in the bonds of holy matrimony two very popular and well known young people of that district in the persons of Miss Irene Harrison and Mr. Charles White. The happy couple spent the honeymoon in Victoria and on their return took up their residence in Saanichton where Mr. White is manager of the butcher shop owned by Messrs. Harvey and Blackburn, of Sidney. The Review extends its best wishes to the bride and groom for a long and happy married life.

THE Y. M. C. A. CONCERT

Last week the Review was unable to give a detailed statement of the proceeds of the concert given by the ladies of Sidney in aid of the military branch of the Y. M. C. A., owing to the fact that part of the proceeds from the advanced sale of tickets had not been turned in up to the time of going to press.

Considering the weather conditions which prevailed on that particular evening the concert certainly was a financial success, as the sum of \$39.50 was taken in. The expenses, however, owing to the same climatic conditions, were quite a bit above normal, as it was found necessary to hire autos for the purpose of bringing the artists to and from the hall. Fol-

owing is a complete statement of the receipts and expenditures:

Sidney Printing and Publishing Co., posters and tickets\$6.25
Distribution of bills 1.00
Mr. Relf, auto hire 5.75
Mr. A. Critchley, auto hire 1.00
Rent of Hall 5.00
Telephone messages40

Total\$19.40

This left a balance of \$19.40 which was immediately forwarded to Mr. Watson at Victoria.

The following letter received yesterday acknowledges receipt of cheque and extends Mr. Watson's thanks on behalf of the Y. M. C. A. to the ladies who were in charge of the arrangements and to the people of Sidney generally:

A. E. Moore, Esq., Sidney.

Dear Sir,—On behalf of our committee on military work I wish to thank you for the \$20.10, proceeds of the concert of a week ago. Please tender our thanks to the people of Sidney who so kindly undertook the entertainment and made possible the opportunity to all to assist in this work for the soldiers. Of the thanks a great part belongs to you personally. Will you be good enough to do this through the columns of your paper. Yours sincerely,

T. S. WATSON,
Secretary.

NEW MAP JUST ISSUED.

There has just been issued by the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, a new edition of the "Land and Preemption Map" which gives useful and interesting information, corrected to a recent date, with regard to the land situation and the pre-emption and purchased homestead areas throughout the three Western Provinces.

Figures in green show at a glance the number of quarter sections in each township that are still available for homestead entry, also the area within which quarter sections may be pre-empted. Boundaries of Dominion Land Agencies, and the location of Forestry and Indian Reserves are also clearly shown. All townships which have been surveyed are set out in a distinctive buff coloring.

Copies of the publication may be procured free of charge upon application to the Railway Lands Branch of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa.

CULTIVATION OF FLAX.

"The possibilities of producing flax for fibre in Canada have been proven to be very considerable. It would seem wise, therefore, to do anything possible to encourage the growth of this industry in districts suited thereto at this time, when unusually high prices will serve as an impetus to its development and extension." So writes the Director of the Dominion Experimental Farms, while the Dominion botanist speaks of "enhanced interest in an industry for which there certainly is a wide scope in suitable localities in the Dominion of Canada." Both these remarks were prompted by the publication of Bulletin No. 28, Second Series Experimental Farm at Ottawa, entitled, "Flax for Fibre: Its Cultivation and Handling," written by J. Adams, M. A., Assistant Dominion Botanist, who for years was associated with the flax industry in Ireland.

The cultivation of flax, as Mr. Adams says, is antiquity. Every biblical student will recall that in the account of the destruction wrought by hail in Egypt it is written that "the barley was in the ear and the flax was balled." Flax is grown in Canada to some extent, but not, judging by statements and authorities to the extent that the demand, the price, usefulness and the soil and climatic conditions warrant.

Mr. Adams in his bulletin, which can be had free by application to the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa, describes the plant in all its particulars, tells of the soil and climate required, and sets forth, with illuminative drawings and

with minuteness of detail all that is required in its cultivation and harvesting. He also shows that in two years flax has doubled in price.

ANGLICAN SERVICES.

November 12, 1916—Twenty-first Sunday after Trinity.

8.00 a. m., Holy Communion at St. Andrew's.

11.00 a. m., Morning Prayer and Holy Communion at Holy Trinity.

7.00 p. m., Evening Prayer at St. Andrew's.

TALES FROM A SCRAPBOOK

The "Buzzer" the little weekly newspaper published by the B. C. Electric Railway Company, this week publishes some very interesting items gathered from an old scrapbook. Following are a few of them:

"We were looking through an old scrap book the other day which was filled mostly with newspaper cuttings and notes on street railway affairs in Victoria, dating anywhere from ten to twenty-five years ago. By no means all the items could claim such antiquity, but, ever so often, we came across a venerable specimen which was positively illuminating in its candor on the conditions as they then existed.

"People in those days seemed to take a real pleasure in being alive, they seemed to be always busy with some project or another and to have no time for fault-finding or discontentedness. They of course took a whack at the street railway occasionally, but it was more a spirit of good humored banter than peevish complaining, and they apparently had some grounds for complaint if a poem which was published in The Times some twenty-five years ago, can be taken as being indicative of the true state of affairs. The poem is entitled "Another Pioneer Gone," and consists of six stanzas fraught with eloquent pathos. It is about a gentleman on his way home to lunch, who waited an interminable time for a Fort Street car, and how he waited on and on until he had lost all count of time. Eventually a car came along; he climbed aboard, settled himself down in a seat and planned murder and sudden death against the Railway Company and its officials.

"Fortunately or unfortunately, the car again was held up at the "Vancouver street switch" and before it moved on, the unlucky passenger had died of starvation and exhaustion in his seat. From the general tone of the poem we judge such an occurrence raised no particular protest, and, beyond the fact "Another Pioneer had gone," would have passed entirely unnoticed by public and press alike.

Now we come to look back on it. It's a wonder we were not lynched, for the limit you could ride in those days was about four miles for five cents and in that distance it was more than probable you had to get out and walk some of the way.

TENDERS WANTED

Sealed tenders addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to and including Wednesday, November 15th, 1916, for 15 cords of wood to be delivered at the Sidney Public Schools when called for. Further particulars can be obtained from

MRS. J. F. SIMISTER,
Secy. Sidney School Board.
Sidney, B. C., Nov. 8, 1916.

Liquor Licence Act

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the first day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for renewal of the hotel licence to sell liquor by retail in the hotel known as the Sidney Hotel, situate at Sidney, in the Province of British Columbia.

Dated this 15th day of October, 1916.

P. N. TESTER,
Applicant.

CHRISTMAS CAKE TIME IS HERE

Our First Large Shipment of
New Raisins, Currants, Peels,
Shelled Nuts, Etc., have just
arrived

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE MONEY, BUY NOW, FOR THIS SHIPMENT WHICH WAS ORDERED BY US MANY MONTHS AGO HAS JUST CAME TO HAND. PRICES ARE ADVANCING ABNORMALLY FAST, BUT ON THIS SHIPMENT WE HAVE NOT ADVANCED WITH THE MARKET.

WHILE THIS FIRST SHIPMENT LASTS WE WILL SELL CHOICE SEEDED RAISINS FULL 16 OUNCE PACKAGES, AT TWO FOR25 CENTS. Remember the wholesale price to-day is higher than that.

CHOICE CURRANTS, PER POUND17½ and 20c.

CHOICE SHELLED ALMONDS AND WALNUTS, NEW STOCK AND LOVELY GOODS, Per Pound50c, 55c and 60c

NEW ORANGE, LEMON AND CITRON PEEL, MADE BY CROSS AND BLACKWELL

NEW DRONEDARY DATES. NEW CRYSTAL FIGS. "BRAID'S BEST" HIGHEST QUALITY SPICES AND EXTRACTS.

We have Christmas Cakes already packed in neat tin boxes. These cakes are especially good and very handy for sending Overseas. Put up in two sizes, at.....35c and 50c.

We have just received another shipment and the prices are the same as the last, \$2.50 and \$3.25. Anyone can make excellent bread with a bread mixer and it is such a saving of time and labor. No tedious kneading by hand required. Just put the ingredients in the mixer, turn the handle less than three minutes, and your bread is ready to rise.

We also have Cake Mixers used the same way.

Sidney Trading Co.

Limited

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(Branch Store James Island)

General Phone 18